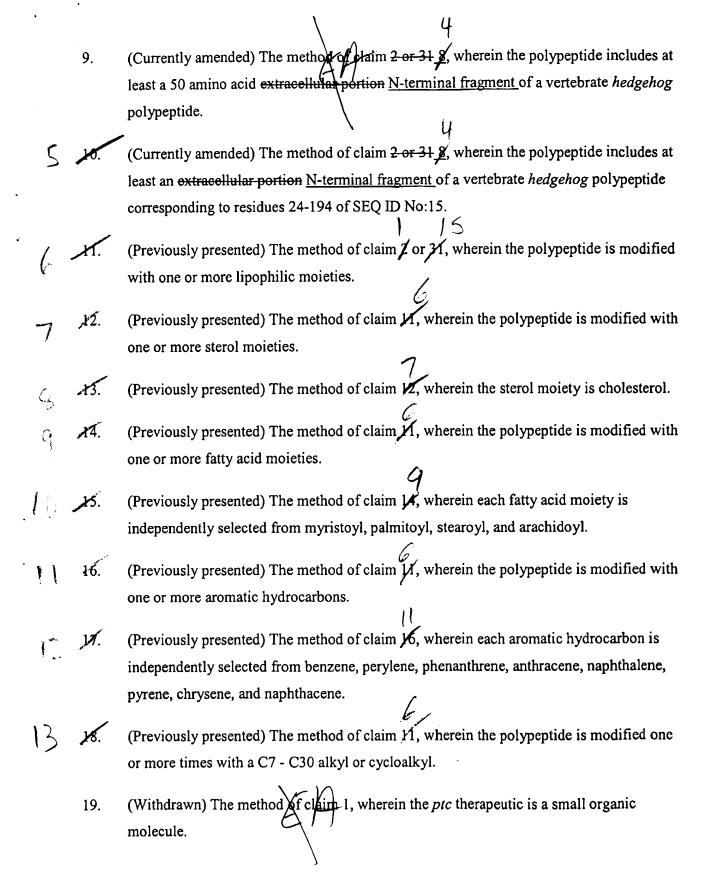
## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Canceled)

- (Currently amended) A method for suppressing thymic T cell function maturation of an animal, comprising administering to the animal an amount of a hedgehog agonist polypeptide that includes an N-terminal auto-proteolytic fragment of a hedgehog polypeptide, effective to suppress thymic T cell function maturation, wherein the hedgehog agonist is a polypeptide which-includes an hedgehog amino acid sequence selected from that is at least 90% identical to at least one of SEQ ID Nos. 10-18, or any fragment thereof that and binds to a patched polypeptide.
- 3. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the immune system of an animal comprising administering to the animal an immunostimulatory amount of a hedgehog antagonist.
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 2 or 31, wherein the hedgehog amino acid sequence is identical to at least one of SEQ ID Nos. 10-18-or any fragment thereof that binds to a patched polypeptide.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 2 or 21, wherein the hedgehog amino acid sequence polypeptide is encodable by a nucleic acid which hybridizes under stringent conditions of 6.0 x sodium chloride/sodium citrate (SSC) at about 45 °C, followed by a wash of 2.0 x SSC at 50 °C, to at least one of SEQ ID Nos. 1-9.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim or in, wherein the hedgehog amino acid sequence hedgehog polypeptide is a vertebrate hedgehog polypeptide.



- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the binding of the ptc therapeutic to patched results in up- or down-regulation of patched and/or gli expression.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim for f1, wherein the hodgehog agonist polypeptide binds to patched and mimics hedgehog signal transduction by altering the localization, protein-protein binding, and/or enzymatic activity of an intracellular protein involved in hedgehog signaling.
  - 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the ptc therapeutic is an inhibitor of protein kinase A.
  - 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, wherein the PKA inhibitor is a 5-isoquinolinesulfonamide
  - 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, wherein the PKA inhibitor is represented in the general formula:

wherein,

R1 and R2 each can independently represent hydrogen, and as valence and stability permit a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkynyl, a carbonyl (such as a carboxyl, an ester, a formate, or a ketone), a thiocarbonyl (such as a thioester, a thioacetate, or a thioformate), an amino, an acylamino, an amido, a cyano, a nitro, an azido, a sulfate, a sulfonate, a sulfonamido, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R8, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-O-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-O-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R8, or

R1 and R2 taken together with N form a heterocycle (substituted or unsubstituted);

9404494 1

R3 is absent or represents one or more substitutions to the isoquinoline ring such as a lower alkyl, a lower alkynyl, a carbonyl (such as a carboxyl, an ester, a formate, or a ketone), a thiocarbonyl (such as a thioester, a thioacetate, or a thioformate), an amino, an acylamino, an amido, a cyano, a nitro, an azido, a sulfate, a sulfonate, a sulfonamido, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R8, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-O-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-O-lower alkenyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R8, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-SH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-S-lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-S-lower alkenyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-S-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-R8;

R8 represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, or heterocycle; and

n and m are independently for each occurrence zero or an integer in the range of 1 to 6.

- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22 wherein the PKA inhibitor is cyclic AMP analog.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, wherein the PKA inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of N-[2-((p-bromocinnamyl)amino)ethyl]-5-isoquinolinesulfonamide, 1-(5-isoquinoline-sulfonyl)-2-methylpiperazine, KT5720, 8-bromo-cAMP, dibutyryl-cAMP and PKA Heat Stable Inhibitor isoform α.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A therapeutic preparation of a small molecule antagonist of *patched*, which patched antagonist is provided in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and in an amount sufficient to modulate the immune system of an adult human patient.
- 28. (Withdrawn) A method for modulating T lymphocytes maturation, comprising administering to a patient a gene activation construct which recombines with a genomic hedgehog gene of the patient to provide a heterologous transcriptional regulatory sequence operatively linked to a coding sequence of the hedgehog gene.
- 29. (Canceled)
- 30. (Withdrawn) A method of claim 3, wherein enhancing the immune function of an animal comprises stimulating T lymphocyte maturation.

15 pl.

(Currently amended) A method for suppressing T cell maturation in the thymus, comprising contacting the T cell with an amount of a hedgehog agonist-polypeptide that includes an N-terminal auto-proteolytic fragment of a hedgehog polypeptide, effective to suppress T cell maturation in the thymus, wherein the hedgehog agonist is a polypeptide which includes an hedgehog amino acid sequence selected from that is at least 90% identical to at least one of SEQ ID Nos. 10-18, or any fragment thereof that and binds to a patched polypeptide.

- 32. (Canceled)
- 33. (Canceled)
- 34. (Canceled)
- 35. (Canceled)